Name	
Sport(s)	
	Grade

## 2023-2024

# **ATHLETIC FORMS**

- Registration/ Athletic Clothing
- Physical Evaluation
- Code of Conduct/ Participation Guidelines
- Cardiac/ Concussion Information
- Cardiac/ Concussion Acknowledgement

RETURN ENTRE BOOKLET COMPLETE WITH ALL SIGNATURES TO THE OFFICE BEFORE THE FIRST SCHEDULED PRACTICE



Wyneken Memorlal Lutheran School 11565 U.S. 27 South Decatur, IN 46733

(260) 639-6177

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### Wyneken Memorial Lutheran School 1 Athletic Registration Fee

Athlete 1:			
Athlete 2:			
Athlete 3:			
	Sport (s) Participating I	n	
ATHLETE 1	ATHLETE 2		ATHLETE 3
Basketball	Basketball		Basketball
Wrestling	Wrestling		Wrestling
Girls Soccer	Girls Soccer		Girls Soccer
Cheerleading (7th/8th Only)	Cheerleading (7th/8th Only)		Cheerleading (7th/8th Only)
	<u>Athletic Fees</u>		
Single Athlete: Single Sport		\$60.00	\$
Single Athlete: Multiple Sport		\$90.00	\$
Multiple Athletes: Family Plan		\$120.00	\$
	Capital Maintenance Fund	l Fee	
Single Athlete: Single Sport		\$15.00	\$
Single Athlete: Multiple Sport		\$20.00	\$
Multiple Athletes: Family Plan		\$30.00	\$
	Miscellaneous Fees		
Wyneken Athletic Shirt		\$30.00	\$
Soccer Socks		\$8.00	\$
		TOTALAMOUNT	\$

### **Athletic Shirt Size Form**

(Sample Sizes will be available at registration)

	Athlete 1:		
Enter Size:		<b>Wyneken Athletic Shirt</b> Code: (YS, YM, YL, AS, AM, AL, AXL)	
	Athlete 2:		
Enter Size:		<b>Wyneken Athletic Shirt</b> Code: (YS, YM, YL, AS, AM, AL, AXL)	
	Athlete 3:		
Enter Size:		Wyneken Athletic Shirt Code: (YS, YM, YL, AS, AM, AL, AXL)	

# Wyneken Memorial Lutheran School Athletic Code of Conduct and Guidelines for Participation

#### ATHLETIC CODE OF CONDUCT

Participation in school activities is a privilege that carries with it varying degrees of responsibility, recognition, and reward. Participating students represent their school, churches and other members of the student body, and it is their duty to conduct themselves in a way that is positive for themselves, their families, school, churches and their community. Your conduct should not reflect discredit in any way upon you or upon those whom you represent. Respect of the body and mind God has blessed you with are qualities that should be characteristic of those who are of great influence on young America.

The Wyneken Memorial Lutheran School Athletic Code of Conduct applies to all students who are connected with any school-sponsored or LSAA– sanctioned athletic team and governs the participation of the student/ athlete in athletic activities. This includes cheerleading and all LSAA sanctioned sports.

#### STANDARDS OF CONDUCT

Students participating on athletic teams are expected to follow the same rules of conduct expected of all students, and avoid those areas of prohibited student conduct identified in the Athletic Handbook & the Student/ Parent Handbook of Wyneken Memorial Lutheran School and rules of each sport. All rules and conduct are to be adhered to during the course of the entire year and are not limited to the time the student/athlete is participating in a particular sport (s).

#### **ENFORCEMENT**

The athletic director will investigate any alleged violations of the athletic code of conduct and report the finding to the principal or his or her designee. Before the initiation of any penalty under this code, a conference between the principal or his or her designee, the student/athlete and parent (s)/guardian (s) will be held, during which an informal fact-finding session and discussion will occur. If the principal or his or her designee determines that a violation has occurred and that an appropriate remedy involves suspension from athletic contests is necessary, a discussion will be held with the athletic director to determine the appropriate suspension.

#### APPEAL PROCEDURE

Any student/athlete has the right to appeal a decision. The principal of Wyneken Memorial Lutheran School will conduct appeal proceedings for Wyneken Memorial Lutheran School. All sanctions will remain in force pending the appeal hearing and final decision.

#### **GUIDELINES FOR PARTICIPATION**

- Student/athlete must be academically eligible as identified in the Athletic Handbook.
- Student/athlete must attend church regularly and be in good standing in accordance with the church and athletic handbook church attendance policy.
- Must have a current physical, Concussion and Sudden Cardiac Arrest signature form, and Athletic conduct and guidelines for participation signature form on file with Wyneken Memorial School.
- Attend practices on a regular and timely basis. (Illness and pre-notification to coach for absence are considered excused absences).
- Meet LSAA standards for participation (i.e. minimum practices and age requirements).
- Wyneken Memorial Lutheran School athletic events take priority over other non-school events (i.e. club and travel sports, social clubs) unless the event is first discussed and approved by the head coach of the sport in which the student/athlete is participating in.

This is to certify that the undersigned have read, understand and agree to abide by the the rules of conduct and guidelines for athletic participation.

STUDENTS NAME: PLEASE PRINT	GRADE:
STUDENTS SIGNATURE:	DATE:
PARENT(S)/ GUARDIAN (S) SIGNATURE	DATE:

### **Emergency Information**

If medical care is required for	in conjunction with any
(Student's nat Wyneken Memorial Lutheran School (WMLS) athletic permission is not available in a timely manner, the u sary by emergency personnel, a physician or the med	c activity or related transportation and if normal ndersigned authorizes appropriate medical care as deemed neces-
Related information: (print or type) Parent(s) or Guardian(s)	
Address:	Telephone:
	Home:
Address of Student (if different than above):	Work:
	Cell:
	Cell:
If parent(s) or guardian(s) is/are unavailable:	
Contact:	Phone:
Family Physician:	Phone:
Medical Insurance Company:	
Policy Number:	
Student's Birth Date:	<del></del>
(month/day/year)	
Date of last tetanus shot (if known):	
Allergies:	
Current Medications:	
Does your child wear glasses or contact lenses? Y	es No
Please list any other pertinent medical information t tions, surgical procedures, current/past medical cond	hat may be helpful in an emergency situation (i.e.: hospitalizaditions/diagnoses, etc.)
(Parent/Guardian Signature)	<del></del>
Date:	

# IHSAA SUGGESTED GUIDELINES FOR MANAGEMENT OF CONCUSSION



"Any athlete suspected of having a concussion should be evaluated by an appropriate health care professional that day. Any athlete with a concussion should be medically cleared by an appropriate healthcare professional prior to resuming participation in any practice or competition."

The language above appears in all National Federation sports rule books as part of the suggested guidelines for the management of concussion. It reflects a heightened emphasis on the safety of athletes suspected of having a concussion, especially since the vast majority of concussions do not involve a loss of consciousness. The State of Indiana has a law (Ind. Code 20-34-7) which mandates a protocol to be observed in the event there is an athletic head injury or concussion sustained by a high school student in a high school practice or contest. The following guidelines provide the IHSAA's suggested procedures to be followed when there may be a head injury or may be a concussion in a practice or in a contest in an IHSAA recognized sport.

- 1. A high school student athlete who may have sustained a concussion or a head injury in a high school practice or a high school contest in an IHSAA recognized sport should immediately have the existence of a concussion or a head injury confirmed by the school's medical person, who (i) is an individual who has training in the evaluation and management of concussions and head injuries and who is either an Indiana athletic trainer ATC/L or an Indiana medical doctor (MD) or doctor of osteopathic medicine (DO) holding an unlimited license to practice medicine in the state of Indiana, and (ii) has been assigned to a contest to provide medical services or has been assigned to provide medical services to students at a school's athletic practice. If it is confirmed by the school's medical person that the student athlete has not sustained a concussion or a head injury, the student athlete may continue participation in the contest or practice.
- 2. A high school student athlete, suspected of having sustained a concussion or a head injury in a high school practice or contest in an IHSAA recognized sport, and who is unable to have the absence of a concussion or head injury confirmed, should:
  - a. be removed from practice and play at the time of the concussion or head injury is sustained,
  - b. be evaluated immediately by an appropriate health care professional, who (i) is an Indiana medical doctor (MD) or doctor of osteopathic medicine (DO) who holds an unlimited license to practice medicine in the state of Indiana, and (ii) has training in the evaluation and management of concussions and head injuries,
  - c. follow a step-wise protocol which has provisions for the delay of the return to practice or play based upon the return of any signs or symptoms of concussion or head injury, and
  - d. not return to a practice or play (i) until the high school student athlete is cleared in writing to return to practice and play by the health care professional who conducted an evaluation of the student athlete, or (ii) any sooner than twenty-four (24) hours after the student athlete was removed from practice or play.
- 3. An official has a role in recognizing concussive signs and in making a report during a contest in an IHSAA recognized sport, and that role includes:
  - if, during a contest, and an official observes a player who exhibits concussive signs (including appearing dazed, stunned, confused, disoriented, to have memory loss, or the athlete is either unconscious or apparently unconscious), the official should immediately notify a coach that a player showed concussive signs and advise that the player should be seen by the school's medical person or by an appropriate health care professional, and
  - b. if an official observes a player who exhibits concussive signs during a contest, and regardless of whether the student athlete returns to play or not, following the contest, an official's report shall be filed with the school of the player who exhibited concussive signs, including the athletic director, by the official that initially observed the student who exhibited concussive signs; this report may be found on the IHSAA website at <a href="https://www.ihsaa.org">www.ihsaa.org</a>.
- 4. In cases where an assigned IHSAA Tournament Series physician (MD/DO) is present, his or her decision regarding any potential concussion or head injury, or to forbid an athlete to return to competition, is final, binding and may not be overruled.



#### What is a concussion?

A concussion is a type of traumatic brain injury. Concussions are caused by a bump or blow to the head. Even a "ding," "getting your bell rung," or what seems to be a mild bump or blow to the head can be serious.

You can't see a concussion. Signs and symptoms of concussion can show up right after the injury or may not appear or be noticed until days or weeks after the injury. If your child reports any symptoms of concussion, or if you notice the symptoms yourself, seek medical attention right away.

### What are the signs and symptoms of a concussion?

If your child has experienced a bump or blow to the head during a game or practice, look for any of the following signs of a concussion:

### SYMPTOMS REPORTED BY ATHLETE

- Headache or "pressure" in head
- Nausea or vomiting
- Balance problems or dizziness
- Double or blurry vision
- Sensitivity to light
- Sensitivity to noise
- Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy
- Concentration or memory problems
- Confusion
- Just "not feeling right" or "feeling down"

### SIGNS OBSERVED BY PARENTS/GUARDIANS

- Appears dazed or stunned
- Is confused about assignment or position
- Forgets an instruction
- Is unsure of game, score, or opponent
- Moves clumsily
- Answers questions slowly
- Loses consciousness (even briefly)
- Shows mood, behavior, or personality changes

# How can you help your child prevent a concussion or other serious brain injury?

- Ensure that they follow their coach's rules for safety and the rules of the sport.
- Encourage them to practice good sportsmanship at all times.
- Make sure they wear the right protective equipment for their activity. Protective equipment should fit properly and be well maintained.
- Wearing a helmet is a must to reduce the risk of a serious brain injury or skull fracture.
  - However, helmets are not designed to prevent concussions. There is no "concussion-proof" helmet.
     So, even with a helmet, it is important for kids and teens to avoid hits to the head.

## What should you do if you think your child has a concussion?

**SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION RIGHT AWAY.** A health care professional will be able to decide how serious the concussion is and when it is safe for your child to return to regular activities, including sports.

**KEEP YOUR CHILD OUT OF PLAY.** Concussions take time to heal. Don't let your child return to play the day of the injury and until a health care professional says it's OK. Children who return to play too soon—while the brain is still healing—risk a greater chance of having a repeat concussion. Repeat or later concussions can be very serious. They can cause permanent brain damage, affecting your child for a lifetime.

**TELL YOUR CHILD'S COACH ABOUT ANY PREVIOUS CONCUSSION.** Coaches should know if your child had a previous concussion. Your child's coach may not know about a concussion your child received in another sport or activity unless you tell the coach.

If you think your teen has a concussion:
Don't assess it yourself. Take him/her out of play.
Seek the advice of a health care professional.

### It's better to miss one game than the whole season.

For more information, visit www.cdc.gov/Concussion.





A FACT SHEET FOR ATHLETES

#### **Concussion facts:**

- A concussion is a brain injury that affects how your brain works.
- A concussion is caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head or body.
- A concussion can happen even if you haven't been knocked out.
- If you think you have a concussion, you should not return to play on the day of the injury and not until a health care professional says you are OK to return to play.

### What are the symptoms of a concussion?

Concussion symptoms differ with each person and with each injury, and they may not be noticeable for hours or days. Common symptoms include:

- Headache
- Confusion
- Difficulty remembering or paying attention
- Balance problems or dizziness
- Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy
- Feeling irritable, more emotional, or "down"
- Nausea or vomiting
- Bothered by light or noise
- Double or blurry vision
- Slowed reaction time
- Sleep problems
- Loss of consciousness

During recovery, exercising or activities that involve a lot of concentration (such as studying, working on the computer, or playing video games) may cause concussion symptoms to reappear or get worse.

## What should I do if I think I have a concussion?

**DON'T HIDE IT. REPORT IT.** Ignoring your symptoms and trying to "tough it out" often makes symptoms worse. Tell your coach, parent, and athletic trainer if you think you or one of your teammates may have a concussion. Don't let anyone pressure you into continuing to practice or play with a concussion.

**GET CHECKED OUT.** Only a health care professional can tell if you have a concussion and when it's OK to return to play. Sports have injury timeouts and player substitutions so that you can get checked out and the team can perform at its best. The sooner you get checked out, the sooner you may be able to safely return to play.

**TAKE CARE OF YOUR BRAIN.** A concussion can affect your ability to do schoolwork and other activities. Most athletes with a concussion get better and return to sports, but it is important to rest and give your brain time to heal. A repeat concussion that occurs while your brain is still healing can cause long-term problems that may change your life forever.

### How can I help prevent a concussion?

Every sport is different, but there are steps you can take to protect yourself.

- Follow your coach's rules for safety and the rules of the sport.
- Practice good sportsmanship at all times.

**If you think you have a concussion:**Don't hide it. Report it. Take time to recover.

### It's better to miss one game than the whole season.

For more information, visit www.cdc.gov/Concussion.



## CONCUSSION ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND SIGNATURE FORM FOR PARENTS AND STUDENT ATHLETES

Student Athlete's Name (Please Print):	
Sport Participating In (Current and Potential):	
School:	Grade:
IC 20-34-7 requires schools to distribute information she their parents on the nature and risk of concussion and h risks of continuing to play after concussion or head injur	nead injury to student athletes, including the
This law requires that each year, before beginning pract athlete and the student athlete's parents must be given return a form acknowledging receipt of the information	an information sheet, and both must sign and
IC 20-34-7 states that an interscholastic student athlete, concussion or head injury in a practice or game, shall be may not return to play until the student athlete has rece care provider trained in the evaluation and management wenty-four hours have passed since the injury occurred	removed from play at the time of injury and eived a written clearance from a licensed health at of concussions and head injuries, and at least
Parent/Guardian - please read the Concussion Fact Shee athlete has received and read the Concussion Fact Shee please ensure that you and your student athlete sign this form to his/her coach.	t for Students. After reading these fact sheets,
As a student athlete, I have received and read the Concuthe nature and risk of concussion and head injury to stuto play after concussion or head injury.	
(Signature of Student Athlete)	(Date)
I, as the parent or legal guardian of the above-named st Fact Sheet for Parents. I understand the nature and risk athletes, including the risks of continuing to play after co	of concussion and head injury to student
(Signature of Parent or Guardian)	(Date)

### SUDDEN CARDIAC ARREST

A Fact Sheet for Parents

#### **FACTS**

Sudden cardiac arrest (SCA) is a rare, but tragic event that claims the lives of approximately 7,000 children each year in the United States, according to the American Heart Association. SCA is not a heart attack. It is an abnormality in the heart's electrical system that abruptly stops the heartbeat. SCA affects all students, in all sports or activities, and in all age levels. The majority of activity-related cardiac arrests are due to congenital (inherited) heart defects. However, SCA may also occur after a person experiences an illness which has caused an inflammation to the heart or after a direct blow to the chest.

#### **WARNING SIGNS**

Possible warning signs of SCA include:

- Fainting
- Difficulty Breathing
- Chest Discomfort or Pain
- Dizziness
- Abnormal Racing Heart Rate

#### **ASSESSING RISK**

Health care providers may use several tests to help detect risk factors for SCA. One such test is an electrocardiogram (ECG). An ECG is a simple, painless test that detects and records the heart's electrical activity. It is used to detect heart problems and monitor a person's heart health. There are no serious risks to a person having an ECG test. ECG's are able to detect a majority of heart conditions more effectively than a physical exam and health history alone.

### What are the risks of practicing or playing after experiencing warning symptoms?

There are risks associated with continuing to practice or play after experiencing warning symptoms of sudden cardiac arrest. When the heart stops, so does blood flow to the brain and other vital organs. Death or permanent brain damage follows in just a few minutes. Most people who experience SCA die from it. However, when SCA is witnessed and an onsite automatic defibrillator (AED) is deployed in a timely manner, survival rates approach 50%.

Developed and Reviewed by the Indiana Department of Education's Sudden Cardiac Arrest Advisory Board (May 2021)

## How can I help prevent my child from experiencing SCA?

Daily physical activity, proper nutrition, and adequate sleep are all important aspects of lifelong health. Additionally, parents can assist students prevent death from SCA by:

- Ensuring your child knows about any family history of SCA (onset of heart disease in a family member before the age of 50 or a sudden, unexplained death at an early age)
- Ensuring your child has a thorough preseason screening exam prior to participation in an organized athletic activity
- Asking if your school and the site of competition have automated external defibrillators (AED's) that are close by and properly maintained
- Asking if your child's coach is CPR/AED certified
- Becoming CPR/AED certified yourself
- Ensuring your child is not using any non-prescribed stimulants or performance enhancing drugs
- Being aware that the inappropriate use of prescription medications, energy drinks, or vaping increase risk
- Encouraging your child to be honest and report symptoms of chest discomfort, unusual shortness of breath, racing or irregular heartbeat, or feeling faint

### What should I do if I think my child has warning signs that may lead to SCA?

- 1. Tell your child's coach or band leader about any previous events or family history
- 2. Keep your child out of play or band
- 3. Seek medical attention right away

### What are the survival steps for sudden cardiac arrest?

- Immediate activation of EMS
- Early CPR with an emphasis on chest compressions
- Immediate use of the onsite AED
- Integrated post-cardiac arrest care

### SUDDEN CARDIAC ARREST

A Fact Sheet for Students

#### **FACTS**

Sudden cardiac arrest (SCA) is a rare but tragic event that claims the lives of approximately 7,000 children each year in the United States, according to the American Heart Association. SCA is not a heart attack. It is an abnormality in the heart's electrical system that abruptly stops the heartbeat. SCA affects all students, in all sports or activities, and in all age levels. It may even occur in athletes who are in peak shape. The majority of activity-related cardiac arrests are due to congenital (inherited) heart defects. However, SCA may also occur after a person experiences an illness which has caused an inflammation to the heart or after a direct blow to the chest. Once SCA occurs, there is very little time to save the person. So, identifying those at risk before the arrest occurs is a key factor in prevention.

#### **WARNING SIGNS**

Possible warning signs of SCA include:

- Fainting
- Difficulty Breathing
- Chest Discomfort or Pain
- Dizziness
- Abnormal Racing Heart Rate

#### **ASSESSING RISK**

Health care providers may use several tests to help detect risk factors for SCA. One such test is the electrocardiogram (ECG). An ECG is a simple, painless test that detects and records the heart's electrical activity. It is used to detect heart problems and monitor a person's heart health. There are no serious risks to a person having an ECG. ECG's are used as a screening tool to detect abnormalities before a person has symptoms, or as a diagnostic tool to help identify persons who would benefit from interventions to reduce the risk of a heart-related condition.

Developed and Reviewed by the Indiana Department of Education's Sudden Cardiac Arrest Advisory Board (May 2021)

### What are the risks of practicing or playing after experiencing warning symptoms?

There are risks associated with continuing to practice or play after experiencing warning symptoms of sudden cardiac arrest. When the heart stops, so does blood flow to the brain and other vital organs. Death or permanent brain damage follows in just a few minutes. Most people who experience SCA die from it. However, when SCA is witnessed and an onsite automated external defibrillator (AED) is deployed in a timely manner, survival rates approach 50%.

### How am I able to protect myself from SCA?

Daily physical activity, proper nutrition, and adequate sleep are all important aspects of lifelong health. Additionally, you can assist by:

- Knowing if you have a family history of SCA (onset of heart disease in a family member before the age of 50 or a sudden, unexplained death at an early age)
- Telling your health care provider during your pre-season physical about any unusual symptoms of feeling faint, shortness of breath, chest discomfort, dizziness, or racing or irregular heart rate, especially if you feel these symptoms with physical activity
- Taking only prescription drugs that are prescribed to you by your health care provider
- Being aware that the inappropriate use of prescription medications, energy drinks, or vaping can increase your risk
- Being honest and reporting symptoms

### What should I do if I notice the warning signs that may lead to SCA?

- Tell an adult your parent, your coach, your athletic trainer, your band leader, or your school nurse
- 2. Get checked out by your health care provider
- 3. Take care of your heart
- 4. Remember that the most dangerous thing you can do is to do nothing

# SUDDEN CARDIAC ARREST ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND SIGNATURE FORM FOR PARENTS AND STUDENTS

Student's Name (Please Print):	
Activity Participating In (Current and Potential):	
School:Gra	de:
IC 20-34-8 requires schools to distribute information sheets to information sheets to information sheets to information the nature and risk of sudden cardiac arrest (SCA) to structuring to participate in physical activities while experiencing with must also include information about electrocardiogram testing, included the structure of testing.	udents, including the risks of varning signs of SCA. These sheets
The law requires that each year, before beginning participation in students and their parents must be given the information sheet, as form acknowledging receipt of the information to the student's constudents include students participating in:  An athletic contest or competition between or among school  Competitive and noncompetitive cheerleading that is spon school  Marching band.	nd both must sign and return a ach or band leader. Applicable
IC 20-34-8 states that a student who is suspected of experiencing s the activity and may not return to the activity until the coach or ba permission from a parent for the student to resume participation. permission must be replaced by a written statement from the pare	nd leader has received verbal Within twenty-four hours, this verbal
Parent - please read the SCA Fact Sheet for Parents and ensure tha read the SCA Fact Sheet for Students. After reading these fact she child sign this form and have your child return this form to his/her	ets, please ensure that you and your
I, as a student participating in an athletic contest, cheerleading, or read the SCA Fact Sheet for Students. I understand the warning sign continuing to participate if I am experiencing any of these warning	gns of SCA, including the risks of
(Signature of Student Athlete)	(Date)
I, as the parent of the above-named student, have received and re understand the nature and risk of SCA, including the risks of contin experiencing warning signs of SCA.	
(Signature of Parent or Guardian)	(Date)

### BEAT THE HEAT

Summer's high temperatures put student athletes at increased risk of heat illness. There are several types of heat illness. They range in severity, from heat cramps and heat exhaustion, which are common but not severe, to heat stroke, which can be deadly. Although heat illnesses can be fatal, death is preventable if they're quickly recognized and properly treated.

# DEHYDRATION AND HEAT ILLNESSES



As a rule-of-thumb, most athletes should consume 200 to 300 milliliters of fluid every 15 MINUTES OF EXERCISE.

It takes only 30 MINUTES for cell damage to occur with a core body temperature of 105 degrees.



Currently, 13 states have heatacclimatization policies, for secondary school athletics with New Jersey being the first.



Exertional heat stroke is one of the top three killers of athletes and soldiers in training.

- From 2010-15, 20 athletic heat stroke fatalities were reported.
- It takes seven to 14 days for a body to adapt to exercising in the heat.
- Dehydration at levels of 3 to 4 percent body mass loss can reduce muscle strength by an estimated 2 percent.

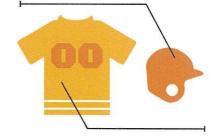
#### **SAFETY TIPS**



Have sports drinks on hand for workout sessions lasting longer than an hour.

Keep beverages cold – cold beverages are consumed 50 percent more than warm beverages.

Hydrate before, during and after activity. Remove unnecessary equipment, such as helmets and padding, when environmental conditions become extreme.



Clothing worn by athletes should be light colored, lightweight and protect against the sun.

- For the first week or so, hold shorter practices with lighter equipment so players can acclimate to the heat.
- Follow a work-to-rest ratio, such as 10-minute breaks after 40 minutes of exercise.
- Get an accurate measurement of heat stress using a wet-bulb globe temperature, which
  accounts for ambient temperature, relative humidity and radiation from the sun.
- . If someone is suffering from exertional heat stroke, remember to cool first and transport second.
- Have large cold tubs ready before all practices and games in case cold water immersion is needed to treat exertional heat stroke.

# SIGNS OF MINOR

### **HEAT ILLNESS**



Dizziness

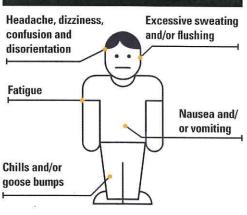
Cramps, muscular tightening and spasms



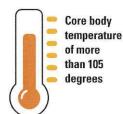


Lightheadedness, when not associated with other symptoms

#### EARLY WARNING SIGNS OF EXERTIONAL HEAT STROKE

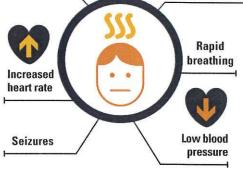


# SIGNS OF EXERTIONAL HEAT STROKE





Signs of nervous system dysfunction, such as confusion, aggression and loss of consciousness



Sources: Korey Stringer Institute, American Medical Society for Sports Medicine, NATA



# PRE-PARTICIPATION PHYSICAL EVALUATION FORM (PPE)

The IHSAA Pre-participation Physical Evaluation (PPE) is the first and most important step in providing for the well-being of Indiana's high school athletes. The form is designed to identify risk factors prior to athletic participation by way of a thorough medical history and physical examination. The IHSAA, under the guidance of the Indiana State Medical Association's Committee on Sports Medicine, requires that the PPE Form be signed by a physician (MD or DO), nurse practitioner or physician assistant holding a license to practice in the State of Indiana. In order to assure that these rigorous standards are met, both organizations endorse the following require-ments for completion of the PPE Form:

- 1. The most current version of the IHSAA PPE Form must be used and may not be altered or modified in any manner.
- 2. The PPE Form must be signed by a physician (MD or DO), nurse practitioner or physician assistant only after the medical history is reviewed, the examination performed, and the PPE Form completed in its entirety. No pre-signed or pre-stamped forms will be accepted.

#### 3. SIGNATURES

- ☐ The signature must be hand-written. No signature stamps will be accepted.
- The signature and license number must be affixed on page three (3).
- $\Box$  The parent signatures must be affixed to the form on pages two (2) and five (5).
- $\Box$  The student-athlete signature must be affixed to pages two (2) and five (5).

#### 4. Distribution

- ☐ History Form retained by Physician/Healthcare Provider
- ☐ Examination Form and Consent and Release Form signed and returned to member school.

Your cooperation will help ensure the best medical screening for Indiana's high school athletes.

### PREPARTICIPATION PHYSICAL

### HISTORY FORM

Note: Complete and sign this form (with your parents if younger than 18) before your appointment. History Form is retained by physician/healthcare provider.

Date of examination:

6. Does your heart ever race, flutter in your chest, or

7. Has a doctor ever told you that you have any heart

8. Has a doctor ever requested a test for your heart?

pressure in your chest during exercise?

problems?

or echocardiography.

skip beats (irregular beats) during exercise?

For example, electrocardiography (ECG)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date of birth: \_\_\_\_\_



Sex assigned at birth (F, M, or intersex)	:	. How	do you ide	ntify your gender? (	F, M, or othe	er):	
List past and current medical condition	ıs						
Have you ever had surgery? It yes, list a	ll past su	ırgical <sub>l</sub>	procedures				_
Medicines and supplements: List all cur	rrent pre	scriptio	ons, over-th	ne-counter medicine	s, and suppl	ements	_
(herbal and nutritional)	lict all v	rour all	ergios (io. N	Madicinas pollans f	and stinging	a incoct	)
Do you have any anergies: if yes, piease	e iist aii y	our and	ergies (ie. n	viedicines, ponens, i	ood, stillgill	ginsect	.5).
Are your required vaccinations current	?						
Patient Health Questionnaire Version 4 (PHQ-							
Overall, during the last 2 weeks, how often have N	e you been ot at all		d by any of tl veral Days	he following problems? ( Over half the days	(Circle Respon Nearly e		
Feeling nervous, anxious, or on edge	0		1	2	3		
Not being able to stop or control worrying	0		1	2	3		
Little interest or pleasure in doing things	0		1	2	3		
Feeling down, depressed, or hopeless	0		1	2	3		
(A sum of $\geq 3$ is considered positive on either s	subscale [q	uestions	1 and 2, or q	questions 3 and 4] for sca	reening purpos	ses.)	
GENERAL QUESTIONS (Explain "Yes" answers at the end of this form. Circle	e Yes	No	HEART HE	EALTH QUESTIONS ABO JED)	OUT YOU	Yes	No
questions if you don't know the answer.)				et light-headed or feel sho	rter of breath		
Do you have any concerns that you would like to discuss with your provider?			11	riends during exercise?			
Has a provider ever denied or restricted your par-	+	<del>                                     </del>	· ·	u ever had a seizure?			
ticipation in sports for any reason?			HEART HE YOUR FAN	EALTH QUESTIONS ABC MILY	OUT	Yes	No
3. Do you have any ongoing medical issues or recent illness?			11. Has any	family member or relative			
HEART HEALTH QUESTIONS ABOUT YOU	Yes	No	plained sud	lden death before age 35 ye			
4. Have you ever passed out or nearly passed out during or after exercise?			1	or unexplained car crash)?  Tyone in your family have a	genetic heart		
5. Have you ever had discomfort, pain, tightness, or			problem su	ch as hypertrophic cardionarfan syndrome, arrhythmo	nyopathy		

Grade:

ventricular cardiomyopathy (ARVC), long QT

ventricular tachycardia (CPVT)?

an implanted defibrillator before age 35?

syndrome (LQTS), short QT syndrome (SQTS), Bru-

gada syndrome, or catecholaminergic poly-morphic

13. Has anyone in your family had a pacemaker or

BONE AND JOINT QUESTIONS	Yes	No	MEDICAL QUESTIONS (CONTINUED)	Yes	
14. Have you ever had a stress fracture or an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, joint, or tendon that caused you to miss a practice or game?			25. Do you worry about your weight?		
15. Do you have a bone, muscle, ligament, or joint injury that bothers you?			26. Are you trying to or has anyone recommended that you gain or lose weight?		
MEDICAL QUESTIONS	Yes	No	27. Are you on a special diet or do you avoid certain types of food and food groups?		
16. Do you cough, wheeze, or have difficulty oreathing during or after exercise?			28. Have you ever had an eating disorder		
17. Are you missing a kidney, an eye, a testicle			FEMALES ONLY	Yes	
(males), your spleen, or any other organ?			29. Have you ever had a menstrual period?		
18. Do you have groin or testicle pain or a painful bulge or hernia in the groin area?			30. How old were you when you had your first menstrual period?		
19. Do you have any recurring skin rashes or rashes that come and go, including herpes or methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA)?			31. When was your most recent menstrual period?		
20. Have you had a concussion or head injury that caused confusion, a prolonged headache, or memory problems?			32. How many periods have you had in the past 12 months?		
21. Have you ever had numbness, tingling, weakness in your arms or legs, or been unable to move your arms or legs after being hit or falling?			Explain "Yes" answers here.		
22. Have you ever become ill while exercising in the heat?			<u> </u>		
23. Do you or does someone in your family have sickle cell trait or disease?					
24. Have you ever had or do you have any problems with your eyes or vision?					

Signature of athlete:

Signature of parent or guardian:

No

No

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#### PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

(Physical examination must be performed on or after April 1 by a health care professional holding an unlimited license to practice medicine, a nurse practitioner or a physician assistant to be valid for the following school year.) Rule 3-10 \_\_\_\_\_ DatBof irth \_\_\_\_\_ Grade \_\_\_\_ MHSAA ember School \_ PHYSICIAN REMINDERS 1. Consider additional questions on more sensitive issues • Do you feel stressed out or under a lot of pressure? • Do you ever feel sad, hopeless, depressed, or anxious? • Do you feel safe at your home or residence? • Have you ever tried cigarettes, chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip? • During the last 30 days, did you use chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip? • Do you drink alcohol or use any other drugs? • Have you ever taken anabolic steroids or use any other appearance/performance supplement? • Have you ever taken any supplements to help you gain or lose weight or improve your performance? • Do you wear a seat belt, use a helmet, and use condoms? 2. Consider reviewing questions on cardiovascular symptoms (questions 5-14) **EXAMINATION** Height Weight ☐ Male ☐ Female Vision R 20/ Corrected? Y ) **MEDICAL** NORMAL ABNORMAL FINDINGS Appearance • Marfan stigmata (kyphoscoliosis, high-arched palate, pectus excavatum, arachnodactyly, arm span > height, hyperlaxity, myopia, MVP, aortic insuffiency Eyes/ears/nose/throat • Pupils equal Hearing Lymphnodes Heart • Murmurs (auscultation standing, supine, +/- Valsalva) • Location of point of maximal impuluse (PMI) Pulses Simultaneous femoral and radial pulses Lungs Abdomen Genitourinary (males only) Skin • MSV, lesions suggestive of MRSA, tinea corporis Neurologic MUSCULOSKELETAL **NORMAL** ABNORMAL FINDINGS NORMAL ABNORMAL FINDINGS Neck Knee Back Leg/ankle Shoulder/arm Foot/toes Elbow/forearm Functional • Duck-walk, single Wrist/hand/fingers leg hop Hip/thigh ☐ Cleared for all sports without restriction ☐ Cleared for all sports without restriction with recommendations for further evaluation or treatment for\_ Pending further evaluation For any sports ☐ Not cleared Reason Recommendations I have examined the above-named student and completed the preparticipation physical evaluation. The athlete does not present apparent clinical contraindications to practice and participate in the sport(s) as outlined above. A copy of the physical exam is on record in my office and can be made available to the school at the request of the parents. If conditions arise after the athlete has been cleared for participation, the physician may rescind the clearance until the problem is resolved and the potential consequences are completely explained to the athlete (and parents/guardians). Name of Health Care Professional (print/type) Signature of Health Care Professional , MD, DO, PA, or NP (Circle one)

### PREPARTICIPATION PHYSICAL EVALUATION IHSAA ELIGIBILITY RULES



#### **INDIVIDUAL ELIGIBILITY RULES (Grades 9 through 12)**

ATTENTION ATHLETE: Your school is a member of the IHSAA and follows established rules. To be eligible to represent your school in interschool athletics, you:

- must be a regular bona fide student in good standing in the school you represent; must have enrolled not later than the fifteenth day of the current semester.
- 2. must have completed 10 separate days of organized practice in said sport under the direct supervision of the high school coaching staff preceding date of participation in interschool contests. (Excluding Girls Golf SeeRule 101)
- 3. must have received passing grades at the end of their last grading period in school in at least seventy percent (70%) of the maximum number of full credit subjects (or the equivalent) that a student can take and must be currently enrolled in at least seventy percent (70%) of the maximum number of full credit subjects (or the equivalent) that a student can take. Semester grades take precedence.
- 4. must not have reached your twentieth birthday prior to or on the scheduled date of the IHSAA State Finals in a sport.
- 5. must have been enrolled in your present high school last semester or at a junior high school from which your high school receives its students...
  - ... unless you are entering the ninth grade for the first time.
  - ... unless you are transferring from a school district or territory with a corresponding bona fide move on the part of your parents.
  - ... unless you are a ward of a court; you are an orphan, you reside with a parent, your former school closed, your former school is not accredited by the state accrediting agency in the state where the school is located, your transfer was pursuant to school board mandate, you attended in error a wrong school, you transferred from a correctional school, you are emancipated, you are a foreign exchange student under an approved CSIET program. You must have been eligible from the school from which you transferred.
- 6. must not have been enrolled in more than eight consecutive semesters beginning with grade 9.
- 7. must be an amateur (have not participated under an assumed name, have not accepted money or merchandise directly or indirectly for athletic participation, have not accepted awards, gifts, or honors from colleges or their alumni, have not signed a professional contract).
- 8. must have had a physical examination between April 1 and your first practice and filed with your principal your completed Consent and Release Certificate.
- 9. must not have transferred from one school to another for athletic reasons as a result of undue influence or persuasion by any person or group.
- 10. must not have received in recognition of your athletic ability, any award not approved by your principal or the IHSAA.
- 11. must not accept awards in the form of merchandise, meals, cash, etc.
- 12. must not participate in an athletic contest during the IHSAA authorized contest season for that sport as an individual or on any team other than your school team. (See Rule 15-1a) (Exception for outstanding student-athlete See Rule 15-1b)
- 13. must not reflect discredit upon your school nor create a disruptive influence on the discipline, good order, moral or educational environment in your school.
- 14. students with remaining eligibility must not participate in tryouts or demonstrations of athletic ability in that sport as a prospective post-secondary school student-athlete. Graduates should refer to college rules and regulations before participating.
- 15. must not participate with a student enrolled below grade 9.
- 16. must not, while on a grade 9 junior high team, participate with or against a student enrolled in grade 11 or 12.
- 17. must, if absent five or more days due to illness or injury, present to your principal a written verification from a physician licensed to practice medicine, stating you may participate again. (See Rule 3-11 and 9-14.)
- 18. must not participate in camps, clinics or schools during the IHSAA authorized contest season. Consult your high school principal for regulations regarding out-of-season and summer.
- 19. girls shall not be permitted to participate in an IHSAA tournament program for boys where there is an IHSAA tournament program for girls in that sport in which they can qualify as a girls tournament entrant.

This is only a brief summary of the eligibility rules.

You may access the IHSAA Eligibility Rules (By-Laws) at <a href="www.ihsaa.org">www.ihsaa.org</a>
Please contact your school officials for further information and before participating outside your school.

#### PREPARTICIPATION PHYSICAL EVALUATION

### **CONSENT & RELEASE CERTIFICATE**



#### I. STUDENT ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND RELEASE CERTIFICATE

- A. I have read the IHSAA Eligibility Rules (next page or on the back) and know of no reason why I am not eligible to represent my school in athletic com-petition.
- B. If accepted as a representative, I agree to follow the rules and abide by the decisions of my school and the IHSAA.

I HAVE READ THIS CAREFULLY AND KNOW IT CONTAINS A RELEASE PROVISION. (to be signed by student)

- C. I know that athletic participation is a privilege. I know of the risks involved in athletic participation, understand that serious injury, illness and even death, is a possible result of such participation, and choose to accept such risks. I voluntarily accept any and all responsibility for my own safety and welfare while participating in athletics, with full understanding of the risks involved, and agree to release and hold harmless my school, the schools involved and the IHSAA of and from any and all responsibility and liability, including any from their own negligence, for any injury, illness or claim resulting from such athletic participation and agree to take no legal action against my school, the schools involved or the IHSAA because of any accident or mishap involving my athletic participation.
- D. I consent to the exclusive jurisdiction and venue of courts in Marion County, Indiana for all claims and disputes between and among the IHSAA and me, including but not limited to any claims or disputes involving injury, eligibility or rule violation.
- E. I give the IHSAA and its assigns, licensees and legal representatives the irrevocable right to use my picture or image and any sound recording of me, in all forms and media and in all manners, for any lawful purposes.

	Date:_	Student Signature: (X)
		Printed:
PA	RENT	GUARDIAN/EMANCIPATED STUDENT CONSENT, ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND RELEASE CERTIFICATE
۹.		dersigned, a parent of a student, a guardian of a student or an emancipated student, hereby gives consent for the student to participation in
		following interschool sports <i>not marked out:</i> is <b>Sports</b> : Baseball, Basketball, Cross Country, Football, Golf, Soccer, Swimming, Tennis, Track, Wrestling.
		s Sports: Basketball, Cross Country, Golf, Gymnastics, Soccer, Softball, Swimming, Tennis, Track, Volleyball.
		fied Sports: Unified Flag Football, Unified Track & Field
В.		dersigned understands that participation may necessitate an early dismissal from classes.
C.		dersigned consents to the disclosure, by the student's school, to the IHSAA of all requested, detailed financial (athletic or otherwise),
D. E. F. G.	Und illne wel sche inju any Und the Und core	clastic and attendance records of such school concerning the student. dersigned knows of and acknowledges that the student knows of the risks involved in athletic participation, understands that serious injury, as and even death, is a possible result of such participation and chooses to accept any and all responsibility for the student's safety and fare while participating in athletics. With full understanding of the risks involved, undersigned releases and holds harmless the student's cool, the schools involved and the IHSAA of and from any and all responsibility and liability, including any from their own negligence, for any ry or claim resulting from such athletic participation and agrees to take no legal action against the IHSAA or the schools involved because of accident or mishap involving the student's athletic participation.  Idersigned consents to the exclusive jurisdiction and venue of courts in Marion County, Indiana for all claims and disputes between and among IHSAA and me or the student, including but not limited to any claims or disputes involving injury, eligibility, or rule violation. Idersigned gives the IHSAA and its assigns, licensees and legal representatives the irrevocable right to use any picture or image or sound redding of the student in all forms and media and in all manners, for any lawful purposes.  In the student in all forms and media and in all manners, for any lawful purposes.
		The student has adequate family insurance coverage.   The student does not have insurance
		The student has football insurance through school.
	Com	pany: Policy Number:
(to	be con	AVE READ THIS CAREFULLY AND KNOW IT CONTAINS A RELEASE PROVISION.  Inpleted and signed by all parents/guardians, emancipated students; where divorce or separation, parent with legal custody must sign)  Ite: Parent/Guardian/Emancipated Student Signature: (X)
		Printed:
	Dat	te: Parent/Guardian Signture: (X)

**CONSENT & RELEASE CERTIFICATE** 

DLC: 2/24/2021

II.

Indiana High School Athletic Association, Inc. 9150 North Meridian St., P.O. Box 40650 Indianapolis, IN 46240-0650

File In Office of the Principal

Printed: